Removing an ACM-coated Senior Operative in Date risk				
Removing an ACM-coate	charge of operation	assessment carried out on		
panel (Ceiling or Wall)		Signature of senior operative in charge and responsible for carrying out the risk assessment and enforcing SSOW		
RISK ASSESSMENT & SSOW	Please print full name:			
Location				Job Ref
The completion of this combined risk assessment, permit to work, and consignment note will ensure we are complying with the law (HSE A28) to ensure the safe removal of ACM coated panel of no more than 1 sq m from a property without causing harm to any person who may be affected by the completion of this work. Preparing the work area: Equipment, tools and materials you must have before you begin work Do you need to isolate any services? 1000-gauge polythene bags with the CDG Notice for large panels RPE (Asbestos-rated half-mask or full Versaflo Hood) Restrict access to room Sufficient RED polythene bags with the CDG hazard notice Disposable overalls with hood Minmise the number of people present Sufficient RED polythene bags with the CDG hazard notice Eacless shoes or shoe coverings Ensure adequate lighting Dustpan and brush Falint brush to apply Gel Use only approved ladders Spray gun with sufficient water/washing-up liquid mix Tape measure to confirm surface area of pastch Ensure you have a working mobile telephone Access to sink and tap, or a bucket of clean water Colloidal Gel to suppress dust during cutting Image: start rest Tenants Children & vulnerable adults Company & private property Ensure you have a working mobile telephone Access to sink and tap, or a bucket of clean water Colloidal Gel to suppress dust during cutting At Risk Employees Tenant				
A Max A 1m ² D	Rectangle A Rectangle B Rectangle C Rectangle D	Width (m) x		Surface Area (sq m)
Only authorise	d operatives who have received trai	ning within the last 12 month	is are to carry out this	operation.
Hazards Who might be harmed and how Breathing in asbestos fibres Breathing in asbestos fibre Breathing in asbestos fibre	RISK without controls Standard controls that should observed on all sites Follow the rules listed on the accompa- SSOW. Obtain a Permit to Work after preparing and securing the site, befor starting work. Make sure you are wea the correct PPF/IPE and you have to 0 all the required materials and equipm you need. Ensure the contaminated w will collected and transferred to either Elliott Rd store or taken direct to an approved absets wasted disposal site before leaving the property.	with controls Site Wanager nying and ntt site 5 controls	Extra controls required to reduce ris	
	- Damaual			
	PERMIT TO WORK: Asbestos Removal Permit number obtained from HO All work must be completed by 16:00 on the same day. Permit number obtained from HO Name of person in charge: Permit nume, date and sign			
Time work started:		Numt	per of asbestos bags u	sed:
Time work ended:		Numb	per of wrapped panels	5
	CONSIGNMENT NOTE TO RECORD TRANSFER OF ASBESTOS WASTE FROM SITE TO STORE / DISPOSAL SITE All work must be completed by 16:00 on the same day.			
Person collecting:				
Taken to Unit 5, Elliott Rd Please state time and date items delivered No. 1		f bags transferred:		
Take to Disposal Site		No.of	Panels transferred	
	It is essential this form is completed at each stage of the operation and is delivered to HO to be signed off by a manager in the office as soon as is reasonably practical after completing the transfer from site to the store or final disposal site.			
Likelihood	Severity o	In case of Fire or other e	Calculated Risk	Report Gas Leak to: 0800 111 999 Action Plan
1 Improbable: 0%-5% Unlikely to happen	1 No risk to short-term or long-term health or	sustaining personal injury	0 - 5	Low Risk - No extra controls needed
Remote: 5%-35% May occur at sometime Possible: 35%-65% Could occur at sometime	2 Remote risk to health or sustaining minor inj 3 Low risk of personal injury requiring medical		6 - 15 16 - 20	Introduce extra controls to reduce risk Only under supervision of Site Manager
4 Probable: 65%-95% Very likely to occur	4 Moderate risk of personal injury resulting in	nore than 7 days off work	21 - 25	Do not proceed as the risk is too high
5 Very probable: 95%-100% Almost certain	5 High risk of life-changing injury, long-term ch	ronic illness, cancer and death	Make reference	e to the Company CDM Plan when assessing risk
MARISCO TEL No: 01202	474001			

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Safe System of Working (SSOW)

Site		Folio Ref:	
Subject	Asbe	estos Removal – ACM coated panel of less than 1m ²	
Legislation	1.	Control of Asbestos Regulations 2012. Links: <u>Regulations</u> or <u>HSE</u> .	
and HSE	2.	L143: Managing and Working with Asbestos.	
Guidance	3.	<u>A28</u> : Removing textured coating from a small area, for example $1m^2$.	
	4.	em4: Using a Class H vacuum cleaner for asbestos.	
	5.	em5: Wetting asbestos materials.	
	6.	em6: Personal protective equipment (including RPE).	
	7.	em7: Using damp rags to clean surfaces of minor asbestos contamination.	
	8.	em8: Personal decontamination.	
	9.	em9: Disposal of asbestos waste.	
Materials &	1.	X-Tex™ Gel, or equivalent, to soften the ACM Coating and encapsulate it to allow safe removal from the panel surface with a scrapper.	
Equipment	2.	FFFP3 half-face mask if clean-shaven. Full hood for operatives with beards or stubble. Masks must have a UK-assigned factor of 20 or more.	
	3.	Disposable overalls – Type 5 (BS EN ISO 13982-1+A1)	
	4.	A sufficient number of clear and red polythene bags and/or 500-guage sheets, which must display the UN-approved CDG hazard label for asbestos.	
	5.	Tape to seal each bag or panel in sheets.	
	6.	Warning tape and notices.	
	7.	Dustpan and brush to collect scrapings.	
	8.	Hand saw and colloidal gel, or equivalent, to suppress dust when cutting out panel.	
	9.	Garden-type sprayer containing wetting agent to suppress dust.	
	10.	Bucket of water and rags.	
	11. 12.	A sealable container in the intended vehicle to receive and transport waste. Approved steps or platform for working at height.	
	12.	Approved steps of platform for working at height.	
Mandatory	1.	Asbestos removal RAM (to be signed off by operatives)	
paperwork to be	2.	Asbestos Permit to Work (Number to be obtained from HO)	
completed	3.	Consignment note to record transfer of bags from site to store / disposal site	
by operatives	4.	The three documents have been combined into one simple-format sheet which we will refer to as the <i>RPC Form</i> (risk-permit-consignment). There will be numerous RPC Forms created for each operation that requires a work permit.	

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Safe System of Working (SSOW)

Marisco Group Unit J5, The Fulcrum, 6 Vantage Way Poole, Dorset, BH12 4NU Tel: 01202 474001

Method	 To prevent harm to any person or animal that might be affected by the removal of ACM coating, it is essential all operatives strictly comply with all the rules in this SSOW.
	 If you cannot secure the site against unauthorised entry; or you do not possess the right equipment, PPE and RPE; or you have not obtained a <i>Permit to Work</i> number from Head Office, do <u>not</u> start the work until you.
	Only operatives who have received asbestos removal training in the last 12 months can undertake the removal of ACM coatings.
	4. Operatives must use one of the three types of approved RPE to carry out the work:
	 A 'use-once' disposable FFP3 Half-Face Mask: They must be clean shaven and have been face-fit tested within the last 12 months with the same disposable FFP3 half- face mask they intend to use on this assignment.
	• A semi-Disposable FFP3 Half-Face Mask: Disposable FFP3 Half-Face Mask: They must be clean shaven and have been face-fit tested within the last 12 months with the same FFP3 half-face mask they intend to use on this assignment. The mask must have been cleaned and maintained with the filters changed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
	 A VersaFlo[™] powered hoods.
	Operatives must clear and secure the room from which the ACM is to be removed against unauthorised access.
	6. Operatives must complete the relevant RPC Form for the removal for ACM coatings. This will involve confirming with a controller in head office when and where the ACM removal is to begin. The operative will be given a <i>Permit to Work reference number</i> to indicate the work can proceed.
	Operatives must follow the procedures explained in the HSE guides A28, and em4 to em9, when undertaking the removal of the ACM material, bagging-up and cleaning-up the site.
	8. At the conclusion of the job, the operatives must confirm with the controller back in Head Office how, who and when the contaminated waste will be removed from this site to either:
	• The temporary store at Unit 5, Elliott Rd; or
	• Direct to an approved commercial disposal site who receives asbestos waste.
	9. Operatives are reminded only properly sealed, double bagged waste is licenced to be transported in a sealable, closed container within their van. It is illegal to transport loose contaminated waste bags carried in the back of a vehicle. They must be in a container.
	There are five stages to this work:
	Stage 1: Removal of the ACM coating from the panel.
	Stage 2: Cutting out the 'decontaminated' panel.
	Stage 3: Bagging-up the contaminated waste so it is safe to be transported away from site.
	Stage 4: Safely removing the contaminated waste from site in licensed vehicles.
	Stage 5: Create an accurate paper audit trail that identifies when, and how much ACM was removed from a property, and how it was transported to a commercial waste disposal site that accepts asbestos-contaminated waste.

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Safe System of Working (SSOW)

Stage 1	Removal of the ACM coating from the panel.
	Apply a generous coating of X-Tex [™] , or equivalent, to the area to be cut from the ceiling or wall panel. The total area to be treated must not exceed 1m ² and by necessity remove the coating along the entire line of intended cut to remove the panel in question.
	Follow the manufacturer's instructions to allow enough time for the gel to soften the coating and fix it into the colloidal substrate. At this stage, the operative does not need to wear PPE as the act of brushing on the gel does not represent a hazard. RPE should be worn for safety.
	After the recommended curing time, clear the surrounding area and secure the site from unauthorised entry by locking doors and placing warning signs not to enter.
	Operatives must now don the required PPE and RPE and can then begin to use a scrapper to remove the cured gel mix. Catch the scapings in a dustpan ^{Note 1} . Do not use excessive force to remove the coating. The soft, combined gel/coating mix should scarp off easily as a hot knife cuts though butter. If you hear a scraping noise as the blade touches residual hard coating, consider applying a second coat of gel.
	The objective here is to remove as much as you can of the ACM coating from the area that will be cut to remove the panel in question.
	All scrapings should be placed immediately in the red asbestos bag.
	Use damp rags and the water sprayer to clean up the area. Add the used rags to the red bag when finished.
	Note 1 : Working at Height Safely . The operative will need two hands to scrape and catch the gel as it drops. This means they may not be able to safely maintain three points of contact with the ladder or platform they are using. Ensure that you use a ladder or platform that allows you to work safely during this operation.

Stage 2	Cutting out the 'decontaminated' panel.
	The act of removing the ACM coating significantly reduces the risk of the next stage of cutting out the panel will liberate asbestos fibres into the air, but it has not eliminated the hazard. For this reason, the site must remain secured and the operative must continue to wear PPR/RPE until all the contaminated waste has been safely sealed away in the double bags.
	As dust and debris is subject to gravity, the safest option is for the operative to be above the panel when sawing through the panel to be removed. We appreciate this is rarely possible.
	The operative should damp down the area and apply a liberal dose of either wallpaper paste, or PVA, along the line of cut to suppress dust and debris.

Stage 3	age 3 Bagging-up the contaminated waste so it is safe to be transported away from site.		
	It is a legal requirement that all asbestos contaminated waste is double-bagged (red inner, clear outer) bearing the CDG labels. Use gaffer tape to seal the bags.		
	Part of the work permit system requires the operative to arrange the safe removal of the contaminated waste from the site as soon as possible.		

Safe System of Working (SSOW)

Stage 4	4 Safely removing the contaminated waste from site in licensed vehicles.	
	Marisco holds an Upper Tier Waste Carrier Licence until 23 July 2023 and the required vehicle insurance to transport non-notifiable, non-licensed asbestos waste from site of origin to either the temporary store at Unit 5, Elliott Rd, or direct to Commercial Recycling's disposal site.	
	To transport asbestos waste legally, the correct double bags or polythene sheeting must be used that clearly identifies the contents as asbestos contaminated waste. The waste can only be moved if the bags and sheet remain sealed and unpunctured.	
	The bags must be transported in a sealed box within the vehicle. The vehicle must remain locked during the transfer.	
	There are serious repercussions for both the driver and the Company if the vehicle is stopped by the Police or a DVSA officer and a subsequent inspection finds we are not observing the rules described above.	

Stage 5	Create an accurate paper audit trail.
	In order to secure the future of Company it is essential we demonstrate we are meeting key professional standards and obtain third-party accreditations. This includes ISO 45001 (H&S) and ISO 14001 (Environment).
	Part of the process of keeping those accreditations is we must undergo regular audits by outside agencies to test if our various safety and environmental administration systems are up to scratch. One of the activities we must demonstrate we are adequately controlling is the safe removal of asbestos from our site.
	To ensure we record the compliance information we need, all removal of asbestos operations will in future be controlled by a work permit system. It will require the operative in charge of removing the asbestos on the site:
	To complete the relevant RPC Form.
	Contact head office just before work begins to obtain a work permit number.
	 Contact head office again when the removal task has been completed.
	 To ensure the RPC Form has been correctly completed and either confirm they are removing the contaminated waste from site, and taking personal responsibility for delivering the RPC form to Head Office, or agreeing with the controller at Head Office an alternate person who has accepted the responsibility of removing the waste and arranging the RPC Form to be delivered.
	• The work permit system entry will only be completed and closed when the RPC Form is returned to Head Office and signed off by the designated controller.